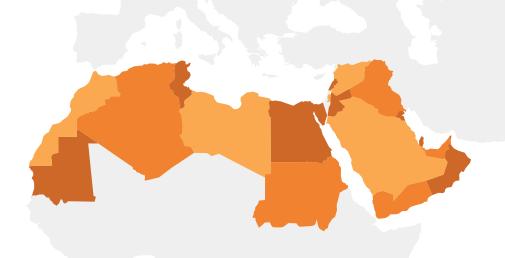


Arab Barometer Wave VIII

Technical Report



2023-2024

Jordan

Field period: 29 November 2023 to 11 January 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations; factory accommodation

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: 2015 Population and Housing Census

Strata: Governorates and areas

Number of governorates: 12

Areas: urban and rural

Number of PSUs: 299

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer-Assisted Personal Interviews (CAPI)

Number of observations: 2,400

Response Rate: 87% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Center for Strategic Studies

Kuwait

Field period: 14 Feburary to 18 March 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: 2011 Kuwaiti Census conducted by the Central Statistical Bu-

reau

Number of governorates: 6

Number of PSUs: 70

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: First at door

Mode of data collection: Computer-Assisted Personal Interviews (CAPI)

Number of observations: 1,210

Response Rate: 28% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Salam Centre, Kuwait University, and World of Opinions

Lebanon

Field period: 12 Feburary to 2 April 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: Public Housing and Population Census implemented in 2011

Strata: Governorates and sect

Number of governorates: 8)

Sect: Sunni, Shia, Christian, Druze

Number of PSUs: 240

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer-Assisted Personal Interviews (CAPI)

Number of observations: 2,403

Response Rate: 70% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Statistics Lebanon Ltd.

Mauritania

Field period: 16 February to 8 March 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: National office of Statistics - Mauritania - Population and Hous-

ing Census 2013

Strata: Governorates and area

Number of governorates: 13

Area: Urban and rural

Number of PSUs: 119

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI)

Number of observations: 1.200

Response Rate: 95% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Bureau d'Etudes Statistiques (BESTAT)

Morocco

Field period: 11 December 2023 to 30 Januaryl 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: Population and Housing Census 2014

Strata: Governorates and area

Number of governorates: 12

Area: Urban and rural

Number of PSUs: 299

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI)

Number of observations: 2,411

Response Rate: 69% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Local Research Organization

Palestine

Field period: 28 September to 8 October 2023

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: General Census of housing and population 2007

Strata: Governorates and areas

Number of governorates: 16

Areas: urban, rural, refugee camp

Number of PSUs: 53

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI); In-

terviewer Administered Paper and Pencil Interviewing (PAPI) in Gaza

Number of observations: 1,189

Response Rate: 71% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: Palestine Center for Policy and Survey Research

Tunisia

Field period: 13 September to 4 November 2024

Language: Arabic

Target population: Citizens aged 18 and above

Excluded populations: Institutionalized populations

Sample design: Stratified area probability sample

Sampling frame: 2014 Census by National Institute of Statistics, last updated

March 2015

Strata: Governorate and areas

Number of governorate: 24

Areas: urban and rural

Number of PSUs: 300

Primary sampling unit selection: Probability proportional to size

Household selection: Systematic skip interval of households with random start-

ing point

Respondent selection: Kish grid

Mode of data collection: Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI)

Number of observations: 2,406

Response Rate: 22% (AAPOR Response Rate 1)

Local Partner: One to One for Research and Polling



ABOUT ARAB BAROMETER

Arab Barometer is a nonpartisan research network that provides insight into the social, political, and economic attitudes and values of ordinary citizens across the Arab world.

We have been conducting rigorous, and nationally representative public opinion surveys on probability samples of the adult populations across the Arab world since 2006 across 15 countries.

We are the longest-standing and the largest repository of publicly available data on the views of men and women in the MENA region. Our findings give a voice to the needs and concerns of Arab publics.





